

LOUISVILLE DAILY DEMOCRAT.

VOLUME XIX.

Daily Democrat.

TERMS OF THE DAILY DEMOCRAT
TO THE COUNTRY.

ONE YEAR..... \$6.00
SIX MONTHS..... \$3.00
ONE MONTH..... \$1.00

LOCAL AGENTS WANTED.

We desire to procure the services of a local agent in every Post-office District in the State. Will our friends act, or procure the services of some efficient person in our behalf? Believing that the circulation of the Democrat may be materially extended, we make this appeal to our friends in its behalf.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan 21, 1862.

To the Editor of the Daily Morning Chronicle:

Sir: In reading your comments in the Chronicle's paper, on the project for "A New Organ in Kentucky," the one to represent the emancipationists, that state, whom you say are neither so few in numbers, nor so lacking in influence, as the Louisville Journal would have us believe, I am reminded of a forcible speech which was made by an ex-member of Congress, a gentleman who has been twenty-eight times a candidate for public favor, and twenty-six times a candidate in regard to the emancipation feeling existing in the State of Kentucky. "If it were not," said my friend "for our importuned citizens, our Prentices and our Haines, Kentucky would this day be an entire Slave State, a question of property, but they seek to subvert in order to sustain a right position when they come among us, that they must endorse the system of slavery, and evince a zeal in doing so, which I can only account for by the application of the proximate goal of a new convert."

The above is from the Washington Chronicle, a paper established at Washington to bolster up the Administration in all its acts, and to prepare the way for all it wishes to accomplish.

Kentucky is loyal to the core and as true to the Union and Constitution as any State in the Union. She is neither for emancipation nor secession, and in proportion to her loyal population has contributed as many gallant soldiers to the support of the Government as any State.

It is true that she was cursed with secessionists who in the beginning of the war openly posed the cause of Davis, Yancey, &c., and gave their money and their lives to the rebellion. The loyalty of Kentucky is unquestioned. Her people desire to re-establish the Union and enforce the laws. She is only assailed and abused by those who are seeking the present occasion to abolishition the State. If "a new organ in Kentucky" means a paper to urge the emancipation of the negro regardless of the will of his master, the "organ" had better stay away.

The people of Kentucky are sound on the Union question, and they are equally sound on the slavery question. They do not hesitate to denounce traitors to our country and our cause on the Secession or Abolition side.

There are thousands of unflinching Union men in Kentucky who will stand by the Government in every proper mode in the suppression of the rebellion, but they do not mean to commit themselves thereto by the platform or creed of the Republican party, or to the wicked schemes of the Administration.

The idea of charging the present sound position of Kentucky, on the slavery question alone, to the management of the editors of the Journal and Democrat is simply preposterous.

"If it were not," said my friend, "for our importuned citizens, our Prentices and our Haines, Kentucky would be to-day an emancipation State." The writer does not know what he is talking about. PRENTICE HAS BEEN IN KENTUCKY OF CHOICE FOR THIRTY GOD YEARS, AND MR. HAINES WAS BORN IN BOURBON COUNTY, KENTUCKY, BY PARTICULAR REQUEST, SOME FIFTY SIX YEARS AGO.

It is to be presumed that they have the interest of Kentucky quite as much at heart as the Chronicle's correspondent "B." and know more of the real sentiment of the State.

If the Administration is desirous of driving Kentucky from its support in defense of the Government, it can adopt no surer

means than by establishing a paper here to discuss the question of emancipation now. It cannot get the support of the truly loyal slaveholder if it sends into Kentucky its minions to criticize our State institution, and to disturb the relation of master and slave. It would be as damnable upon Kentucky from the Abolitionists as we sometimes have been made to suffer from the Secessionists by invasion upon our soil.

Kentucky desires to suppress the rebellion and restore the Union first. This being done, she will guard her own State interests, and abolish or retain slavery as a majority of her voters may determine; but she will never receive the intermeddling of outsiders in matters which are solely belonging to her.

If the friends of emancipation (few and far between) among us, after the rebellion is put down, want to discuss that question upon its merits, the generous and noble Union men of our State would hear the presentation of their views with patience and allowance, while now, to bring it before the public, and further excite dissensions and divisions, would be to exacerbate every one who desires peace and uprightness.

It is objected that, if the Government puts out any more Treasury notes, it cannot redeem them, and they must depreciate. If this be true, what shall be done of bank paper, such vast quantities of which are now being thrown upon the public, particularly by the Eastern country banks? Any one, who is not a very superficial observer, or who is not interested in discrediting the Government currency, must see at a glance that the Government has advantages which the banks cannot have, in protecting its circulation, in its power of taxation and ability to control, directly or indirectly, the movements of specie.

If the Government were not embarrassed by being compelled to raise money to pay interest, or even if it was to stop paying interest in specie, as recommended by Mr. Walker, it might at once safely commence paying specie to all who wait for it for any legitimate and proper purpose. But it should not be paid out either for exportation, for speculation, nor be used to bolster up banks issuing paper currency, in competition with that of the Government. Nor is a specie necessary either for change or for paying debts; the Government having provided postal currency for the one purpose, and legal tender for the other. Gold and silver should, however, be paid to such persons as they have to the business of manufacturers—jewelry and watch manufacturers—and to those who may need pocket money in traveling abroad. Let those wishing to pay debts in foreign countries either buy exchange, or, what is better, buy and ship the agriculture or manufactured products of the country. Speculating in specie in this time of national peril is an immorality, and should be discouraged in every possible way. As to the banks, the people have long enough taken care of them—they ought now to take care of themselves.

If the Government at Washington does not know how to do this thing, there are plenty of ex-bankers who can show them.

The finance bill to suit us would be a very short one—covering these points:

First—Requesting the Secretary to borrow money without interest—at least as long as banks can do the same.

Second—Forbidding any more loans to be made by issuing interest-bearing bonds, so long as the Government currency will pass freely among the people as ordinary bank paper.

Third—The Secretary to commence paying specie immediately, except to speculators.

Fourth—From and after the first of say July next, green-backs not to be a legal tender by bankers in redeeming their notes.

Fifth—Specie speculators to be taxed, and the export of specie prohibited—say by proclamation.

Sixth—No more interest to be paid in specie. If the holders get mad at this, and let their bonds decline, require the Secretary of the Treasury to burn them up as fast as possible with green backs.

Seventh—Forbid, by heavy penalties, bankers, brokers or professed money-lenders from paying out and putting in circulation notes of other States.

Eighth—Tax bankers—bank note manufacturers—as severely as any other paper manufacturers.

Our bill is but the Abolitionists of Congress have sneered at her loyalty. Well, so they have; but are we to suppose that this resolution will cause that to cease? Do we not all know that they never will stop? Ken, tucky has proved her loyalty through such living heroes as Generals T. L. Crittenden, Rosecrans and Fry, Colonels Whistler, McHenry, Jacob, Bruce, Hobson and others. She has shown it by such dead heroes as Jackson, Pope, Forman, Cotton, Netter, Jonett, Campbell, and others too numerous to mention. She has shown it in her 44,000 soldiers—nearly half her loyal voting population. She has shown it in their arduous duties in the camp, on every battlefield; by giving her means; by encouraging enlistments. We ask

We protest against taxing the people merely

LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY: TUESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 27, 1863.

NUMBER 114.

what State has done more? If the dead were to arise and proclaim it, these men would not admit her loyalty. We think it time to quit at tempting to conciliate them. They will not admit her loyalty until she endorses the President's proclamation and emancipates her slaves without compensation, and even then they would score her for doing it under compulsion.

A Word About Municipal Affairs. A move is on foot in the City Council for the purpose of asking the Legislature to amend the city charter as to allow the Council to fill certain city offices which, under the charter as it stands, are made elective by the people. We do not know whence this movement is made. We only know that the members themselves should guard against any such encroachments upon the charter as it now stands. In all charter elections there is a multiplicity of candidates, and the people demand in electing the right man to the right place.

The office of Mayor is filled at the regular charter election; so are the places of Councilmen, of Street Inspectors, of City Judge, of Auditor, of City Clerk, Treasurer, &c.

The offices of minor importance are filled by election before the Council, and nomination of the Mayor. The present arrangement works very well and should be let alone. It is proper that the subordinate offices—those looking to the police regulations and general detail of municipal organization—should be under the immediate control of the Mayor and Council; but let us guard against passing in office from year to year any man, however worthy, without the endorsement and approval of the people in a general election. The objection to the old charter was, that it concentrated the management of municipal affairs in the hands of a few, and that the mass of the people, all of whom should be interested, had no voice or say in the matter.

We have not the slightest doubt that Mr. Marshall is not the only gentleman who has introduced such resolutions. Our condemnation extends only this far: that in all of them their loyalty is made the *protestum* figure; the President's proclamation is condemned incidentally or by implication. We see no broad and clear declarations as to what the State deems her own rights; that is due to her own people. We see no attempt to carry out the recommendations of Gov. Robinson in his message, or they are all vague and declaratory, amounting to nothing.

The members are elected for an especial and particular purpose—to protect the rights and interests of the State and the citizen. The Federal Constitution recognizes certain reserved rights to the States. The people are asking what are they? The resolutions of '93 are the only ones adopted. Are we referred to them only, or will not the Legislature define others if they are wrong? You are elected for that purpose, gentlemen; let us hear what you have to say. Of course, they must be loyal, for they are declared under a clause of the Federal Constitution guaranteeing them. To sustain a right position when they come among us, that they must endorse the system of slavery, and evince a zeal in doing so, which I can only account for by the application of the proximate goal of a new convert."

B.

The above is from the Washington Chronicle, a paper established at Washington to bolster up the Administration in all its acts, and to prepare the way for all it wishes to accomplish.

Kentucky is loyal to the core and as true to the Union and Constitution as any State in the Union. She is neither for emancipation nor secession, and in proportion to her loyal population has contributed as many gallant soldiers to the support of the Government as any State.

It is true that she was cursed with secessionists who in the beginning of the war openly posed the cause of Davis, Yancey, &c., and gave their money and their lives to the rebellion. The loyalty of Kentucky is unquestioned. Her people desire to re-establish the Union and enforce the laws. She is only assailed and abused by those who are seeking the present occasion to abolish the State. If "a new organ in Kentucky" means a paper to urge the emancipation of the negro regardless of the will of his master, the "organ" had better stay away.

The people of Kentucky are sound on the Union question, and they are equally sound on the slavery question. They do not hesitate to denounce traitors to our country and our cause on the Secession or Abolition side.

There are thousands of unflinching Union men in Kentucky who will stand by the Government in every proper mode in the suppression of the rebellion, but they do not mean to commit themselves thereto by the platform or creed of the Republican party, or to the wicked schemes of the Administration.

The idea of charging the present sound position of Kentucky, on the slavery question alone, to the management of the editors of the Journal and Democrat is simply preposterous.

"If it were not," said my friend, "for our importuned citizens, our Prentices and our Haines, Kentucky would be to-day an emancipation State." The writer does not know what he is talking about. PRENTICE HAS BEEN IN KENTUCKY OF CHOICE FOR THIRTY GOD YEARS, AND MR. HAINES WAS BORN IN BOURBON COUNTY, KENTUCKY, BY PARTICULAR REQUEST, SOME FIFTY SIX YEARS AGO.

It is to be presumed that they have the interest of Kentucky quite as much at heart as the Chronicle's correspondent "B." and know more of the real sentiment of the State.

If the Administration is desirous of driving Kentucky from its support in defense of the Government, it can adopt no surer

means than by establishing a paper here to discuss the question of emancipation now. It cannot get the support of the truly loyal slaveholder if it sends into Kentucky its minions to criticize our State institution, and to disturb the relation of master and slave. It would be as damnable upon Kentucky from the Abolitionists as we sometimes have been made to suffer from the Secessionists by invasion upon our soil.

Kentucky desires to suppress the rebellion and restore the Union first. This being done, she will guard her own State interests, and abolish or retain slavery as a majority of her voters may determine; but she will never receive the intermeddling of outsiders in matters which are solely belonging to her.

If the friends of emancipation (few and far between) among us, after the rebellion is put down, want to discuss that question upon its merits, the generous and noble Union men of our State would hear the presentation of their views with patience and allowance, while now, to bring it before the public, and further excite dissensions and divisions, would be to exacerbate every one who desires peace and uprightness.

It is objected that, if the Government puts out any more Treasury notes, it cannot redeem them, and they must depreciate. If this be true, what shall be done of bank paper, such vast quantities of which are now being thrown upon the public, particularly by the Eastern country banks?

Any one, who is not a very superficial observer, or who is not interested in discrediting the Government currency, must see at a glance that the Government has advantages which the banks cannot have, in protecting its circulation, in its power of taxation and ability to control, directly or indirectly, the movements of specie.

If the Government were not embarrassed by being compelled to raise money to pay interest, or even if it was to stop paying interest in specie, as recommended by Mr. Walker, it might at once safely commence paying specie to all who wait for it for any legitimate and proper purpose. But it should not be paid out either for exportation, for speculation, nor be used to bolster up banks issuing paper currency, in competition with that of the Government. Nor is a specie necessary either for change or for paying debts; the Government having provided postal currency for the one purpose, and legal tender for the other. Gold and silver should, however, be paid to such persons as they have to the business of manufacturers—jewelry and watch manufacturers—and to those who may need pocket money in traveling abroad. Let those wishing to pay debts in foreign countries either buy exchange, or, what is better, buy and ship the agriculture or manufactured products of the country. Speculating in specie in this time of national peril is an immorality, and should be discouraged in every possible way. As to the banks, the people have long enough taken care of them—they ought now to take care of themselves.

If the Government at Washington does not know how to do this thing, there are plenty of ex-bankers who can show them.

The finance bill to suit us would be a very short one—covering these points:

First—Requesting the Secretary to borrow money without interest—at least as long as banks can do the same.

Second—Forbidding any more loans to be made by issuing interest-bearing bonds, so long as the Government currency will pass freely among the people as ordinary bank paper.

Third—The Secretary to commence paying specie immediately, except to speculators.

Fourth—From and after the first of say July next, green-backs not to be a legal tender by bankers in redeeming their notes.

Fifth—Specie speculators to be taxed, and the export of specie prohibited—say by proclamation.

Sixth—No more interest to be paid in specie. If the holders get mad at this, and let their bonds decline, require the Secretary of the Treasury to burn them up as fast as possible with green backs.

Seventh—Forbid, by heavy penalties, bankers, brokers or professed money-lenders from paying out and putting in circulation notes of other States.

Eighth—Tax bankers—bank note manufacturers—as severely as any other paper manufacturers.

Our bill is but the Abolitionists of Congress have sneered at her loyalty. Well, so they have; but are we to suppose that this resolution will cause that to cease? Do we not all know that they never will stop? Ken, tucky has proved her loyalty through such living heroes as Generals T. L. Crittenden, Rosecrans and Fry, Colonels Whistler, McHenry, Jacob, Bruce, Hobson and others. She has shown it by such dead heroes as Jackson, Pope, Forman, Cotton, Netter, Jonett, Campbell, and others too numerous to mention. She has shown it in her 44,000 soldiers—nearly half her loyal voting population. She has shown it in their arduous duties in the camp, on every battlefield; by giving her means; by encouraging enlistments. We ask

We protest against taxing the people merely

what State has done more? If the dead were to arise and proclaim it, these men would not admit her loyalty. We think it time to quit at tempting to conciliate them. They will not admit her loyalty until she endorses the President's proclamation and emancipates her slaves without compensation, and even then they would score her for doing it under compulsion.

A Word About Municipal Affairs. A move is on foot in the City Council for the purpose of asking the Legislature to amend the city charter as to allow the Council to fill certain city offices which, under the charter as it stands, are made elective by the people. We do not know whence this movement is made. We only know that the members themselves should guard against any such encroachments upon the charter as it now stands. In all charter elections there is a multiplicity of candidates, and the people demand in electing the right man to the right place.

The office of Mayor is filled at the regular charter election; so are the places of Councilmen, of Street Inspectors, of City Judge, of Auditor, of City Clerk, Treasurer, &c.

The offices of minor importance are filled by election before the Council, and nomination of the Mayor. The present arrangement works very well and should be let alone. It is proper that the subordinate offices—those looking to the police regulations and general detail of municipal organization—should be under the immediate control of the Mayor and Council; but let us guard against passing in office from year to year any man, however worthy, without the endorsement and approval of the people in a general election.

Another Contribution for England.—The City Council of Macon has fixed the license to remove spirituous liquors in that city at ten thousand dollars.—[Charleston Courier, 8th.

DEATH OF GEN. LEE'S DAUGHTER.—Died, at Jones' Springs, Warren county, N. C., Annie Carter Lee, daughter of Gen. Robert E. Lee, Confederate States Army.

ANOTHER CONTRIBUTION FOR ENGLAND.—The barque Achilles sailed from Philadelphia on Monday laden with 5,020 barrels of bread-stuffs, the gift of Philadelphia to the famishing cotton spinners of England. She is commanded by Captain Wm. B. Gallagher. The value of her cargo is \$35,000.

A young gentleman from the rural districts lately advertised for a wife through the papers, and got answers from eighteen husbands stating that he could have theirs.

The Boston Journal is printed a few days ago on a good quality of paper made entirely of wood.

Charles H. Hunt, Esq., of New York, is engaged in writing the memoirs of the late Edward Livingston.

The negroes employed on the fortifications around Richmond are nearly starved. They are only allowed twelve ounces of food a day, and poor quality.

The negroes employed on the fortifications around Richmond are nearly starved. They are only allowed twelve ounces of food a day, and poor quality.

The negroes employed on the fortifications around Richmond are nearly starved. They are only allowed twelve ounces of food a day, and poor quality.

The negroes employed on the fortifications around Richmond are nearly starved. They are only allowed twelve ounces of food a day, and poor quality.

The negroes employed on the fortifications around Richmond are nearly starved. They are only allowed twelve ounces of food a day, and poor quality.

The negroes employed on the fortifications around Richmond are nearly starved. They are only allowed twelve ounces of food a day, and poor quality.

The negroes employed on the fortifications around Richmond are nearly starved. They are only allowed twelve ounces of food a day, and poor quality.

The negroes employed on the fortifications

MISCELLANEOUS.
L. LYON'S
PURE OHIO

CATAWBA BRANDY.

The undersigned beg leave to inform the public that they have established

A Depot in Louisville, Kentucky,

for the purpose of supplying the trade at the CINCINNATI, OHIO, in the States of KENTUCKY, TENNESSEE and INDIANA with their

PURE CATAWBA BRANDY.

All orders promptly attended to by

RAYMOND & TYLER,
Sole Agents,

No. 74 Fourth st., opposite the National Hotel.

(Copy)—We have recently made a careful analysis of the brands of Brandy for sale in the U.S. We find that the best brand is that of G. F. French & Co., of the city of New York, from samples taken by us of 325 cases, and have found it to be a perfectly pure article without any foreign admixture. We therefore have no hesitation in recommending it to the public as fulfilling all the requirements of a pure brandy for medicinal and other uses.

"JAMES R. CHILTON & CO.,
Analytical Chemists."

To prevent imposition, the labels on the remaining stocks have the certificate of Dr. Hales, of Boston, printed on them. None genuine without.

LTONS & JACOB, Proprietors,

45 Columbia street, Cincinnati.

NOTICE.—For Summer complaint in Children is guaranteed, as it will relieve, that affliction, also Diarrhoea. It is prescribed by physicians in place of Paregoric, not having the deadening effect of that medicine upon the brain. Does for infants a few weeks old is one teaspoonful, diluted with two tablespoonfuls of water, and administered by the tea-spoonful every 15 minutes until relief is effected. 2
Call dawkwewinson

TABLE LINENS,

SHIRTING MUSLINS,

Sheetings,

Shirt Fronts,

IRISH LINENS,

TOWELINGS.

J. R. EMMIT & CO.,

Fourth street, bet. Market and Jefferson,

250 DOZEN

WHITE GOODS.

Plain Jacquets;

Plain Cambrics;

Plain Nainsooks;

54 Skirting Muslins;

Plaid Nainsooks;

Stripe Nainsooks;

White Brillants;

India Twills;

Corded Dimity;

Swiss Muslins;

At J. R. Emmit & Co's,

East side Fourth st., bet. Market and Jefferson.

250 DOZEN

Ladies', Misses', Men's, & Boys'

Cotton Hose.

ALSO, 50 DOZEN EXTRA LARGE SIZE

LADIES' COTTON HOSE,

At J. R. Emmit & Co's,

Fourth st., bet. Market and Jefferson.

250 DOZEN

NEW MEDICAL DISCOVERY:

FOR THE SPEEDY AND PERMANENT

Cure of Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Dis-

charges, Nightly Emulsions, Sem-

inal Weakness, Incontinence,

General Debility and

Irritability, Gravel, Stricture, and

AFFECTIONS OF THE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

Which has been used by upwards of

ONE HUNDRED PHYSICIANS,

THEIR PRACTICE, WITH ENTIRE

Satisfaction of their Curers, Capable, Capsules, or

any compound hitherto known.

BELL'S SPECIFIC PILLS

Speedily in action, often effecting a cure in a few

days, and containing vegetable extracts that are harmless

on the system, and never nauseate the stomach, or irritate the bowels, and are easily digested, and have no dangerous taste is avoided.

No change of diet is necessary whilst using them, nor does the patient feel any uneasiness or pain.

For boys, contains six

doses of Bell's Pills.

Self Admin., Generous, Gleet, &c., a Pamphlet of 50 pages containing important advice to the afflicted, sent free.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Dr. BELL'S Green Book, a complete Treatise on Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Urethral Discharges, &c., with 97 Prescriptions in English adapted for self-treatment, without the aid of a Physician.

Daily Democrat.

JOHN H. GRIFFITH,
PRODUCE AND GENERAL COMMISSION
MERCHANT.
No. 312 Main street, between Third and Fourth.
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Orders filled and consignments solicited. **jah**

**ALCOHOL DISTILLERY
FOR SALE.**

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFER FOR SALE THEIR
Alcohol Distillery in this city on account of
the high cost of labor and materials. The
terms are \$1,000 per month, and the buyer
will be required to pay all expenses of the
business. **W. SCHRODT & LAVAL**

15 Church Street, corner of Main and Second.
Address Box 257, Louisville P. office. **dch**

FOR SALE.

A ELEGANT MODERN STYLE DWELLING,
centrally located, containing eight rooms of
good size, with a large covered porch. **Term-**

es—\$4,000 each \$2,000 in 12 months, and \$500 in 14

months, lessing interest from date of sale, and

to be paid in monthly installments. **J. A. DODSON & CO.**

FOR SALE.

A RESTAURANT COOK AT RED-JACKET SALOON
corner Third and Market. **jah**

WANTED

TEN GOOD MILLINERS FOR THE SPRING SEAS-
on, come to see us at our store. **P. R. PORTER,**

jah

FOR RENT.

FIFTY-THREE ACRES OF GOOD LAND, IM-
proved, four miles from Louisville, on Oak-
land plain road, at **Diamond**. **W.M. STEWART.**

NOTICE.

M. A. G. SANDERS WITHDRAW FROM OUR
firm on the 1st January, 1863. **A. H. POINIER & CO.**

Schrodt & Laval,

MANUFACTURERS OF ALCOHOL, COLOGNE
and Pure Spirits, and dealers in Old Bourbon
and Old Whiskey, west side of Second Street,
between Main and Water, Louisville, Kentucky. **15th daw**

Rags! Rags! Rags!

HIGHEST PRICE GIVEN FOR RAGS IN CASH OR

LOUISVILLE PAPER MILL. **409 Main street.**

A. V. DUPONT & CO.

I. H. POINIER & CO.,

Commission and Forwarding Merchants,

No. 142 Fourth st., between Main and Water. **Louisville, KY.**

The highest market price paid in cash for Feath-

ers, Glazing, Beeswax, Dried Fruits, &c. **jah**

WANTED

50 lbs of feathers;

30,000 lbs of Glazing;

20,000 lbs of Beeswax by

I. H. POINIER & CO. 142 Wall st.

SUNDRIES

30,000 lbs Clear Sides;

10 boxes Extra Dried Beef;

10 boxes Extra White Beans;

On hand and for sale by

I. H. POINIER & CO.

HAY, CORN, BEAN.—LARGE CONSIGNMENTS ON

hand and for sale low for

I. H. POINIER & CO.

CLOTHES—SEVERAL COTTON SINGLE AND DOUBLE

ON hand and for sale by

I. H. POINIER & CO.

DRIED FRUIT—

500 bunches Dried Peaches;

500 do do Apples;

On hand and for sale by

I. H. POINIER & CO.

GARDNER & CO.

WINE, OYSTERS AND PICKLES—

50 cases Oysters; 50 cases Pickles;

50 cases Oysters; 50 cases Pickles;

In store and for sale by

I. H. POINIER & CO.

MASS LIQUORIC—

25 cases MF. Liquorice;

25 cases MF. Liquorice;

Just received and for sale by

I. H. POINIER & CO.

FLOUR—50 bags PRIME RICE COFFEE IN STORE

and for sale by

MARSHALL HALBERT & CO.

COFFEE—50 bags PRIME RICE COFFEE IN STORE

and for sale by

MARSHALL HALBERT & CO.

SPICES—

100 boxes Pickles

50 do do quart do; for sale by

GARDNER & CO.

TABLE SALT—PUT UP IN SMALL BAGS, ASSORT-

EDGES, for sale in lots, or at retail by

T. L. JEFFERSON.

2500 LBS MACADAM SNUFF FOR SALE BY

EDW. WILDER, 514 Main street.

75 GROSS GARRETT'S BOTTLED WHISKY FOR SALE

EDW. WILDER, 514 Main street.

MONDAY BOXES GARRETT'S PACK SNUFF FOR SALE BY

EDW. WILDER, 514 Main street.

100 BOXES GARRETT'S PACK SNUFF FOR SALE BY

EDW. WILDER, 514 Main street.

50 JARS ALL-SPIKE FOR SALE BY

EDW. WILDER, 514 Main street.

200 CASES CONCENTRATED LYME FOR SALE

EDW. WILDER, 514 Main street.

MONDAY BOXES QUININE FOR SALE BY

EDW. WILDER, 514 Main street.

5000 LBS GUNSESULPHATE MORPHINE FOR SALE

EDW. WILDER, 514 Main street.

10 BBL'S LARD OIL NO. 1 FOR SALE BY

EDW. WILDER, 514 Main street.

150 KEGS S. C. SOYA FOR SALE BY

EDW. WILDER, 514 Main street.

3000 LBS QUININE FOR SALE BY

EDW. WILDER, 514 Main street.

100 BOXES GARRETT'S PACK SNUFF FOR SALE BY

EDW. WILDER, 514 Main street.

100 BOXES GARRETT'S PACK SNUFF FOR SALE BY

EDW. WILDER, 514 Main street.

100 BOXES GARRETT'S PACK SNUFF FOR SALE BY

EDW. WILDER, 514 Main street.

100 BOXES GARRETT'S PACK SNUFF FOR SALE BY

EDW. WILDER, 514 Main street.

100 BOXES GARRETT'S PACK SNUFF FOR SALE BY

EDW. WILDER, 514 Main street.

100 BOXES GARRETT'S PACK SNUFF FOR SALE BY

EDW. WILDER, 514 Main street.

100 BOXES GARRETT'S PACK SNUFF FOR SALE BY

EDW. WILDER, 514 Main street.

100 BOXES GARRETT'S PACK SNUFF FOR SALE BY

EDW. WILDER, 514 Main street.

100 BOXES GARRETT'S PACK SNUFF FOR SALE BY

EDW. WILDER, 514 Main street.

100 BOXES GARRETT'S PACK SNUFF FOR SALE BY

EDW. WILDER, 514 Main street.

100 BOXES GARRETT'S PACK SNUFF FOR SALE BY

EDW. WILDER, 514 Main street.

100 BOXES GARRETT'S PACK SNUFF FOR SALE BY

EDW. WILDER, 514 Main street.

100 BOXES GARRETT'S PACK SNUFF FOR SALE BY

EDW. WILDER, 514 Main street.

100 BOXES GARRETT'S PACK SNUFF FOR SALE BY

EDW. WILDER, 514 Main street.

100 BOXES GARRETT'S PACK SNUFF FOR SALE BY

EDW. WILDER, 514 Main street.

100 BOXES GARRETT'S PACK SNUFF FOR SALE BY

EDW. WILDER, 514 Main street.

100 BOXES GARRETT'S PACK SNUFF FOR SALE BY

EDW. WILDER, 514 Main street.

100 BOXES GARRETT'S PACK SNUFF FOR SALE BY

EDW. WILDER, 514 Main street.

100 BOXES GARRETT'S PACK SNUFF FOR SALE BY

EDW. WILDER, 514 Main street.

100 BOXES GARRETT'S PACK SNUFF FOR SALE BY

EDW. WILDER, 514 Main street.

100 BOXES GARRETT'S PACK SNUFF FOR SALE BY

EDW. WILDER, 514 Main street.

100 BOXES GARRETT'S PACK SNUFF FOR SALE BY

EDW. WILDER, 514 Main street.

100 BOXES GARRETT'S PACK SNUFF FOR SALE BY

EDW. WILDER, 514 Main street.

100 BOXES GARRETT'S PACK SNUFF FOR SALE BY

EDW. WILDER, 514 Main street.

100 BOXES GARRETT'S PACK SNUFF FOR SALE BY

EDW. WILDER, 514 Main street.

100 BOXES GARRETT'S PACK SNUFF FOR SALE BY

EDW. WILDER, 514 Main street.

100 BOXES GARRETT'S PACK SNUFF FOR SALE BY

EDW. WILDER, 514 Main street.